Site M:26/10/22

Rockville Christian Church/Bell Tower Building

101 West Jefferson Street, Rockville

Built: 1893

Private/Restricted Access

This example of vernacular church building was done by local builder Edwin M. West, a member of the Rockville Christian Church congregation. He used a mixture of familiar elements he had previously used in his residential commissions, combined with Gothic detailing thought appropriate for ecclesiastical buildings.

It is of brick laid in common bond with molded water table and high stone foundation. The multi-level tower on the southeast corner was also used on the Jerusalem Church(built at the same period). The building is decorated with saw tooth pattern verge board, pierced bracketing on side facades, Gothic hooded entrance gable and lancet windows. The rear facade and interior of the altar area were rebuilt after a 1953 fire. The current owners have adapted the church for law office use and incorporated the stained glass windows and carved and moulded railing and pulpit into their decor.

# Survey No. 1650382611

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

DOE yes no

1. Nam	le (indicate pr	eferred name)		
historic	Rockville Christ	lan Church	, a t	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
and/or common	Bell Tower Bu	ilding		
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	. 101 West Jeff	erson Street	<u> </u>	_ not for publication
city, town	Rockville	vicinity of	congressional district	8
state	Maryland	county	Montgomery	
3. Clas	sification			
Category  district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered not applicable	Status  coccupied cunoccupied cunoccupied cunork in progress  Accessible cunyes: restricted cunyes: unrestricted cunyen	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prope	rty (give names an	d mailing addresses	of <u>all</u> owners)
name	John Bell, esq.			
street & number	101 West Jeffe	rson Street	telephone no	·: 762-1717
city, town	Rockville	state	and zip code Mary	land 20850
5. Loca	ation of Leg	al Description	n	
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc. Mo	ontgomery County	Courthouse	liber 5975
street & number				folio 605
city, town	Rockville		state	Maryland
6. Rep	resentation	in Existing	Historical Surve	ys
title Nation	al Register (W.	Montgomery Avenu	e historic distr	ict) - 1974
Maic	y designated his	storic district -	1974 tederal state	local
M-NCPI pository for su	PC - 1976 urvey records	City of Rockvil		
city, town		Rockville	state	Maryland 20850

#### 7. Description

Survey No. m: 26/10/22

Condition  excellent good fair  Check one unaltered unaltered unexposed	Check one
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Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The Rockville Christian Church was erected in 1893 on lot #52 at the corner of Jefferson and Adams Streets. Edwin M. West, a local builder/carpenter, used a mixture of gothic and familiar residential elements on this structure. The three bay by three bay brick structure was laid in common bond and has a molded water table. It is 2 1/2 stories over a raised stone foundation. The roof is a blue slate, laid in patterned courses. There is a multi-level tower anchoring the southeast corner of the building.

The front (south) facade borders JeffersonSt. The broad gable roof has a simple vergeboard decoration of sawn wood in a saw-tooth pattern. Under this gable is a raised entry with a pointed-arched steeply-roofed hooded gable with splayed ends. The recessed double door is topped by a lancet window. Another entry on this facade is located further east, and provides contrast by use of liptical archand fan light over the recessed double door.

At the southeast corner is the multi-level, slightly projecting tower which rises from a cubical shape, through an octagonal louvered belfry level and ends in a conical turret with cedar shingles and a patterned slate roof. There are shallow molded buttresses at the corners on the second level. The turret is similar to that on Mr. West's own house at 114 West Montgomery Avenue, built three years earlier. A crocketed copper finial tops the turret on the Church building.

The main facade on this elevation is pierced by narrow slit windows on the second story on either side of the main door. A pair of round-headed louvers takes the place of windows over the main gabled entry. The second level of the tower has round windows over moulded, recessed brick arches.

The building stretches three bays from front to back the east facade border, Adams Street. This east side has three large stained glass pointed arch windows, and a brick water table. On this side the undereave brackets are thick and knob-like with center holes. Horizontal lightning rods run the length of the building, held in place by copper holders in an anthemion shape. There is an interior brick end chimney to the rear of this facade.

The rear (north) side has been altered by removal of the main altar window and the connection of this building with the one-time Education building to the west. Of interest is the use of molded brick piers which bracket the altar window area; these piers have no structural purpose, but echo the width of the chimneys rising from the roof above them. New brick work and a square window have replaced the altar window. There is an entrance from this facade.

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## ROCKVILLE CHRISTIAN CHURCH #7 CONTINUED

The west side of the building has been partially hidden since the joining of the two buildings. The three stained glass windows on this side are extant, although two of them are now incorporated in the interior; they decorate the vestibule/hall of the building and one serves as transom lighting for the entry into the reception area. The 1 1/2 story brick Education Building is two bays by three bays and is connected to the west side of the church by a brick hyphen. It has many-paned windows with louvered shutters, and a paneled door on the east facade.

The north end of the interior was first remodeled after a serious fire in 1953 destroyed most of the altar area. This area was then designed by architect Lester Burns.

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The current owners have taken pains to adapt this building without needless loss of its unique character and atmosphere. The altar area was adapted for use as a reception area, utilizing the pulpit, paneled altar enclosure and fine classic carved moulding. The sanctuary has been divided into individual offices, each with a stained glass window, but the partitions are sufficiently open and low so as to retain a feeling of the original use.

8. Sig	nificance
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Survey No. m. 26/10/22

Period		Areas of Significance—C					ent	landscape architectur law literature military music philosophy politics/government				re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify	
Specific	dates	1892	1893	Bu	ilder/Arc	hitect	Edw	in	Μ.	West	٧,		
check:	an	cable Crit nd/or		_A	_BC	D							
	Appli	cable Exce	eption:	A_	B	CD _	E	_F	G				
V- M	Level	of Signif	icance:	na	tional	✓state	100	al		1 1 1 1 1 1			
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Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

The old Rockville Christian Church is a well-executed example of vernacular expression in a Church building, a local builder's statement of faith in brick and wood. The Church also represents a 75 year struggle by a dedicated band of Christians to succeed as a congregation, culminating in this building. Edwin West's only known public building has been successfully adapted for modern use without major exterior alteration.

In the early days of Montgomery County, the scanty and scattered population necessitated circuit riders and shared pastors among several localities. The fledgling Rockville Academy welcomed these local ministers as teachers in the early 19th century. About 1835, a native of Ireland, William McClenahan, was head of the Academy's English Department. He was also meeting with like-minded Christians in preaching and study groups, held at his home or the Academy. Those he baptized in the faith were known as Disciples of Christ in America. 1

Information on McClenahan's ministry in Rockville is sparse, but we do know that he owned the Brewer House (#26/9) on Falls Road in the years between 1824 and 1841.2 Scharf reports the names of those he "immersed" in 1835.3 His obituary appeared in 1856 after he had left the County to settle in Baltimore; he died at age 66.4 (There was also an ad in a 1840 Rockville newspaper for a Bakery and Millinery store run by William McClenahan, and it is possible that the sewing and baking done by the ladies of the congregation may have been sold there to raise funds for the group.)5

The more established Presbyterians, one of whose ministers (Rev. Mines) was also teacher and principal of the Rockville Academy, had purchased a site for a house of worship in 1832. This building was located at the northwest corner of Jefferson and Adams Streets.6

In 1858 the Presbyterians built a new church across from the Courthouse and sold this lot (#52) to William Braddock for \$300. Braddock, his wife and daughter were early members in the Rockville Disciples of Christ. Although title to the building did not pass to the Church until after the death of Braddock, the congregation had the use of the building as evidenced by the 1865 Martinet & Bond map.

CONTINUED ON P. 8.1

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In 1866 the congregation was formally incorporated, and in the same year, Roberta Braddock, widow of William, deeded the land to the church, the deed recitng that \$264 of the \$300 price had already been paid. 7

The Rockville Christians (as they became known) probably used the old frame "meeting house" until the erection of the present building in 1892. Scharf, in 1882, mentions that the building had been "from time to time repaired and improved", and the Church histories mention no other building being erected, except a small Baptistry. Also, several obituaries of the period mention services at the "Christian Meeting House".

In 1892 the Trustees and Elders entered into an agreement with Edwin Montgomery West to construct a brick building at a cost of \$3,500. Mr. West was a member of the Church and had within the previous five years erected many of the fine residences in the newly developed West End of Rockville, including his own in the same block.

It is not believed that Mr. West had formal architectural training, but his handsome houses display the same skill evident on the Rockville Christian Church. This is his only known public building, though he bid on the building of the new Courthouse, and may have done some work at the Rockville Academy.

In the next decades, the Christian Church continued to grow and prosper. In 1950 a small education building was built adjoining the church; this is now connected to the Church. In 1953 a fire in the overheated furnace directly beneath the altar area of the Church caused extensive damage. The heat was so intense that the entire altar area was destroyed and the ceiling fixtures melted. The Church was closed for repairs until November, while \$20,000 worth of renovation and new construction was done under the auspices of Lester T. Burns, an architect and member of the Church.8

By 1963, the membership had grown so large that the Jefferson Street building was no longer sufficient. Before moving to a \$250,000 structure on Adclare Road, the members dedicated a Garden of Memories, placing a plaque dedicated to the memories of the fifteen early 19th century founders, including William McClenahan. 9

In 1973 the building was sold to John Bell. Most of the original building was preserved as built in 1892. The interior space was adapted for the use of his law firm, but Mr. Bell stated that he intended to preserve "the historical and cultural significance of the Rockville Christian Church". 10 His success was rewarded by receipt of a 1983 award from Peerless Rockville Historic Preservation, Ltd for sensitive adaptation of the sanctuary for office use.

- Scharf, History of Western Maryland, Volume I. p. 752 2. Montgomery County Land Records, Liber BS7, folio 30 (1824) and Liber BS10 folio 423 (1841)
- 3. Scharf, Op. Cit.
- 4. <u>Sentinel</u>, March 22, 1856
- 5. the church history mentions the sacrifices of the first members, and their efforts to raise funds by sewing and baking, so if McClenahan did have a store, he probably sold their handi-work.
- 6. Land Records, Liber BS5, folio 226 (1832)
- 7. Scharf op. cit., p. 762
- 8. <u>Sentinel</u>, February 5, November 26 and December 3, 1953
- 9. The Evening Star, April, 1963
- 10. Bell, Cornelius and Shore brochure published at dedication of the new offices

### 9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No. m 26/10/22

Montgomery County Land, Equity & Tax Records Montgomery County Sentinel; Evening Star Scharf, History of Western Maryland (1882) Christian Church history

Acreage of nominated property 16,595 square feet	
Quadrangle name	Quadrangle scale
UTM References do NOT complete UTM references	(A) 1 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
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c	
E	F
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Verbal boundary description and justification

10. Geographical Data

Parts of lots 52 and 53; fronting on West Jefferson Street at northwest corner of South Adams Street

State			coue	county	 code	
state			code	county	code	÷
11.	Form	Prepare	d By			,~n~
name/title	Anr	ne W. Cissel			. b.	

organization Peerless Rockville date August 1984

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

street & number P.O. Box 4262 telephone 762-0996

city or town Rockville state Maryland 20850

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

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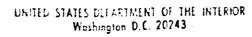
Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House

21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 269-2438





Keeper of the National Register

FALS 252 (10.78)

# HISTORIC PRESERVATION CERTIFICATION APPLICATION — PART 1 (Pursuant to the Tax Reform Act of 1976)

been received side or a sapa	(P.L.94-455) Use typewri rate plain sheet of paper t	iter or print clearly in clearly indicating the	dark ink to complete the ap	plication form. If additi address, Part 1 of this	ional space is needed application may be co	a completed application form has to complete Part 1, use the reverse ompleted and sent to the appropri-
PART 1	EVALUATION (	F SIGNIFICA	ANCE	,		
1. NAME OF	PROPERTY: ROCK	VILLE CHRIS	TIAN CHURCH			
Appress of	property: Street	101 W. Je	fferson Street			
CityF	Rockville	County MO	ntgomery	StateMai	ryland	Zip Code 20850
Name of hi	istoric district in which p	roperty is located.	West Montgo	mery Avenue I	<u>Historical D</u>	istrict
The tower prethrough portico; 3. STATEMEN (use reverse predomining 1950.	building is a rojecting at the projecting, the gable has to side if necessary) church is a chartes in the day. The building ned on back) ruction (if known)	brick structure brick structure brick structure be southeas pointed are a pair of lassic examples brick. It is very similarly be sounded by the brick	t corner. The f ched portico. S round-headed w  ple of the kind was built in 1 milar to others	en trim. It is ront facing of mall square-lain dows. (confident of late nine 893 with an a in the distinction of the distinctio	gable end ha headed openitinued on ba eteenth cent addition to rict primarion alterations (of known)	ngs flank the
Name	John T. Bell 101 West Jef	*	Cornelius & Elb	ert R. Snore		
Street	Rockville	Terson stre			MD	20850
City		$\overline{}$	(301) 762-1717		State	Zip Code_20030
,	Number (during day) Articles, that the information  JOHN T. BELL		to the best of my knowledg	e, correct, and that I a	am owner of the prop	erty described above Dale
For office use				•	<b>V</b>	•
The structure the district.	described above is include	ted within the boun	daries of the National Regis	ster historic district and	d Contributes D doe	es not contribute to the character of
The structure Register in ac	Dappears D does not ap	pear to meet Nation	nal Register Criteria for Eva cedures (36 CFR 60).	luation (36 CFR 60.6)	and D will likely D wil	It not be nominated to the National
The structure in nated to the N. district. SignatureS	is tocated in a district while attended Register in according to the state of the s	d with Department of	s not appear to meet Nation the Interior procedures (36	al Register Critena for CFR 60), and D appear	Evaluation (36 CFR 60 rs D does not appear to	0.6). with likety will not be nomico contribute to the character of said  Date 7-1-82
section 167 of	f the internal Revenue C entitled a historic structu	ode of 1954. re				and, it subject to depreciation under
_						<b>.</b> .

The tower is divided into two stories. The first, with buttressed corners has a round arched doorway with a fanlight above the double, square-headed doors. The second story, stepped backone course, has a round window. The rook of the tower has a square, hipped base that supports an octagonal; like the nave it is covered with alternating bands of square and rounded slate tiles.

Along the nave sidewalls, the granite foundation is exposed. Above this are four courses of brick laid flush with the surface of the stone; the fifth course is a moulded brick table of quarter-round profile. Three pointed-arched windows light the nave. The projecting rafierends are cut into a looped pattern.

The north end has a small northex that follows the form of the larger gable end. It once had a pointed-arched window that was bricked in; it is now a rectangular shaped window.

Connected to the western nave is the annexed education building which was built in 1950. After a fire in 1953, which gutted much of the sanctuary, the Rockville Christian Church was refinished to its prior condition.

While the outside of the eighty-nine year old church remained unaltered, reconstruction on the interior began in 1974 for the purpose of housing a law firm. The sanctuary, the last section to be renovated, is sub-divided to form five offices for attorneys and secretaries. Each office retains the elegant stained-glass windows. The pulpit area has been converted into a reception area and the lower level was converted into an office area, kitchen and law library.

With the old Rockville Academy located across the street and the Victorian design homes surrounding the area, the Rockville Christian Church represents well the history of the Rockville area.

3) the houses were constructed by the prominent architect/builder Edwin West. The exterior Victorian style architecture remains intact. West used the finest architectural features of that period when constructing the church; patterned slate roof, arched doorways and octagonal shaped tower with fish-scaled shingles.

The church's congregation was founded in 1817 by William McClenagan of Tubbermour, Ireland, who was also respected as the head of the English Department of the Rockville Academy for many years. On September 26, 1866, a deed was executed by Roberta V. Braddock transferring to the congregation the property on the corner of Jefferson and Adams Streets. For 27 years the congregation met in a log cabin for worship and then in 1893 moved to the church when construction was completed.

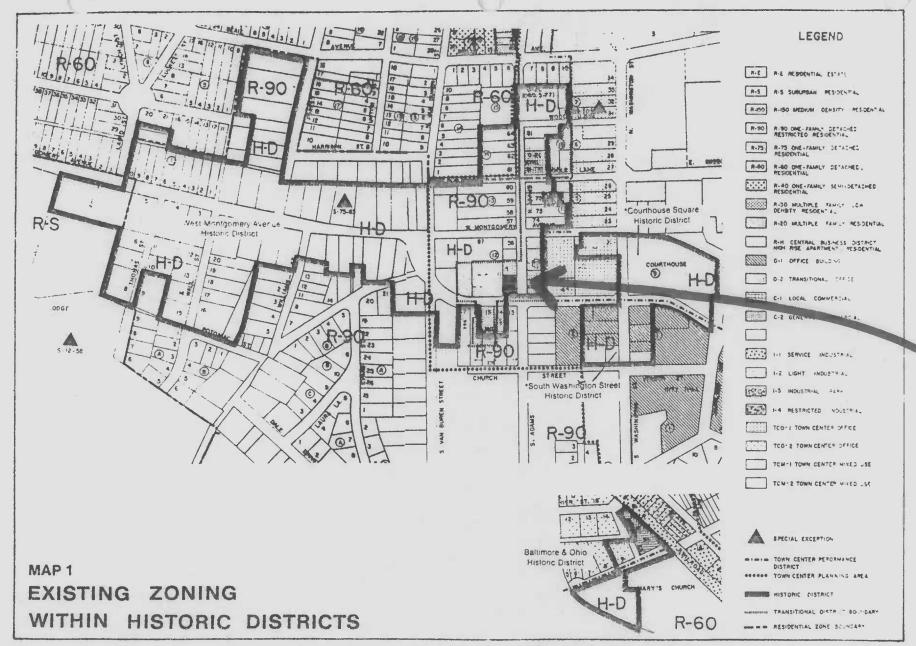
The Rockville Christian Church is one of the older congregations among the Christian Chruch, Disciples of Christ, in America, which is itself the oldest Protestant denomination developed in frontier America. The church, therefore, adds historical significance to the district by incorporating a scope of Rockville's past prominent figures as well as historical, religious and architectural features of the past.



26/10/22
ckville Christian Church
l W. Jefferson Street
om Peerless Rockville
calendar 1980







\*Note: For discussion and planning purposes South Washington Street and the Courthouse Square district are considered independent Historic Districts even though they are shown on the existing zoning map as one district.



M: 26/10/22

Rockville Christian Church
(AND) BELL TOWER BLDG.
101 W. TEFFERSON ST.
101 W. TEFFERSON ST.

1009-7

1608 Farragut Avenue
Rockville, Maryland 20851

AUGUST, 1984

SOUTH /SOUTHERST ECENTION